

## Introduction

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The latest routine international evaluation for **workability traits** took place as scheduled at the Interbull Centre. Data from ten (10) countries were included in this evaluation.

International genetic evaluations for workability traits of bulls from Austria-Germany, Canada, Denmark-Finland-Sweden, France, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, New Zealand, Slovenia and Switzerland were computed. Brown Swiss, Holstein, Jersey and Red Dairy Cattle breed data were included in this evaluation.

## Changes in national procedures

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Changes in the national genetic evaluation of workability traits are as follows:

DFS (HOL) HOL and RED HOL (RED) have merged. Cows with min 87 % HOL genes and and bulls with min 93 % HOL genes have been converted to HOL.

Animals with less % HOL genes will no longer be a part of the evaluation

SVN (ALL) Some bulls losing informations mostly as a consequence of changes in data base related to the pedigree completeness as well as phenotypic data improvement

NOR (RDC) The rolling definition of hys is causing the daughters to distribute somewhat differently over hys-classes at each evaluation.

Therefore some bulls occasionally may loose EDC although the number of daughters stay the same. Reliability changes is a function of the EDC changes.

DEU(RDC) Few bulls whose ownership has been corrected, they are now foreign AI bulls, therefore their Type of Proof changed and some of these are not publishable anymore.

CHE (HOL) Some bulls with large decreases in reliability. These bulls are rather old and dld and do not have daughters with observations for temperament (EDC=0).

ITA(HOL) Changes in information due to data-flow and editing.

DEA(BSW) Base change + number of bulls with decrease in reliability larger than in previous runs. Most likely due to the new version of the software used to calculate reliabilities.

NZL(ALL) Continuous DNA parentage testing affecting daughters, herds, EDCs and reliabilities, in addition for For HOL, RDC and JER the TOP scores have been Canonically transformed before they enter

the models, resulting on 10% of the data for Temperament and Milking Speed being deleted because there were incomplete scores.

CAM (RDC) First time inclusion of Canadian Milking Shorthorn with population code CAM

## INTERBULL CHANGES COMPARED TO THE DECEMBER ROUTINE RUN

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### Subsetting:

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As decided by the ITC in Orlando, new subsetting was introduced in the september test run. Sub-setting is necessary for operational purposes and restrictions of time scales. To minimize the effect of subsetting, larger subsets with 10-12 countries and with 4 link providing countries have been applied.

### Window:

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According to the decision taken by ITC in Orlando, the following changes have been introduced in regards to the windows used for post processing:

The upper bounds have been set to 0.99 as these were judged to have very little effect on evaluations. The lower values have been set to about the 25% percentile value. The largest changes are for the lower values for conformation traits, with the lowest window being 40% for OFL otherwise it is about 50% for all other confirmation traits.

It is anticipated that these low values may not have large impact on evaluations since there were very few countries combinations whose estimated correlations fell between the old limit of 0.30 and these new limits.

## DATA AND METHOD OF ANALYSIS

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Data were national genetic evaluations of AI sampled bulls with at least 10 daughters or 10 EDC (for clinical mastitis and maternal calving traits at least 50 daughters or 50 EDC, and for direct calving traits at least 50 calvings or 50 EDC) in at least 10 herds. Table 1 presents the amount of data included in this Interbull evaluation for all breeds.

National proofs were first de-regressed within country and then analysed jointly with a linear model including the effects of evaluation country, genetic group of bull and bull merit. Heritability estimates used in both the de-regression and international evaluation were as in each country's national evaluation.

Table 2 presents the date of evaluation as supplied by each country

Estimated genetic parameters and sire standard deviations are shown in APPENDIX I and the corresponding number of common bulls are listed in APPENDIX II.

## SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE

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The international genetic evaluation procedure is based on international work described in the following scientific publications:

International genetic evaluation computation:

Schaeffer. 1994. J. Dairy Sci. 77:2671-2678  
Klei, 1998. Interbull Bulletin 17:3-7

Verification and Genetic trend validation:

Klei et al., 2002. Interbull Bulletin 29:178-182.  
Boichard et al., 1995. J. Dairy Sci. 78:431-437

Weighting factors:

Fikse and Banos, 2001. J. Dairy Sci. 84:1759-1767

De-regression:

Sigurdsson and G. Banos. 1995. Acta Agric. Scand. 45:207-219  
Jairath et al. 1998. J. Dairy Sci. Vol. 81:550-562

Genetic parameter estimation:

Klei and Weigel, 1998, Interbull Bulletin 17:8-14  
Sullivan, 1999. Interbull Bulletin 22:146-148

Post-processing of estimated genetic correlations:

Mark et al., 2003, Interbull Bulletin 30:126-135  
Jorjani et al., 2003. J. Dairy Sci. 86:677-679  
<https://wiki.interbull.org/public/rG%20procedure?action=print>

Time edits

Weigel and Banos. 1997. J. Dairy Sci. 80:3425-3430

International reliability estimation

Harris and Johnson. 1998. Interbull Bulletin 17:31-36

## NEXT ROUTINE INTERNATIONAL EVALUATION

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Dates for the next routine evaluation can be found on  
<http://www.interbull.org/ib/servicecalendar>.

## NEXT TEST INTERNATIONAL EVALUATION

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Dates for the next test run can be found on  
<http://www.interbull.org/ib/servicecalendar>.

## PUBLICATION OF INTERBULL TEST RUN

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Test evaluation results are meant for review purposes only and should not be published.

^LTable 1. National evaluation data considered in the Interbull evaluation for Workability (December Routine Evaluation 2017). Number of records for milking speed by breed

Country	BSW	GUE	HOL	JER	RDC	SIM
AUS			6085	1168	471	
BEL						
CAN	165		11480	616	775	
CHE	2526		2886			
CZE						
DEA	3912					
DEU			17746		239	
DFS			11247	1849	6324	
ESP						
EST						
FRA	320		16187			
FRM						
GBR			5211			
HUN						
IRL						
ISR						
ITA	1876		6611			
JPN						
KOR						
LTU						
LVA						
NLD	97		12778	25		
NOR					3675	
NZL			5588	3607	549	
POL						
PRT						
SVK						
SVN	267		417			
URY						
USA						
ZAF						
HRV						
MEX						
CAM					31	
No. Records	9163		96236	7265	12064	
Pub. Proofs	7804	0	84329	6806	11611	0

^LAPPENDIX I. Sire standard deviations in diagonal and genetic correlations below diagonal

BSW	msp						
	CAN	CHE	DEA	ITA	NLD	SVN	FRA
CAN	7.26						
CHE	0.92	15.72					
DEA	0.89	0.96	11.69				
ITA	0.90	0.95	0.93	17.92			
NLD	0.93	0.95	0.94	0.92	6.16		
SVN	0.87	0.90	0.90	0.94	0.87	24.34	
FRA	0.93	0.92	0.86	0.89	0.95	0.86	0.87

HOL	msp										
	CAN	CHE	DEU	DFS	FRA	NLD	AUS	GBR	SVN	NZL	ITA
CAN	7.61										
CHE	0.88	12.17									
DEU	0.90	0.97	11.48								
DFS	0.94	0.94	0.97	14.48							
FRA	0.94	0.97	0.96	0.96	1.08						
NLD	0.95	0.97	0.96	0.98	0.98	5.58					
AUS	0.89	0.88	0.87	0.89	0.91	0.91	3.55				
GBR	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.86	0.15			
SVN	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.86	0.86	23.00		
NZL	0.91	0.90	0.87	0.87	0.93	0.92	0.94	0.85	0.86	0.37	
ITA	0.94	0.93	0.93	0.95	0.96	0.95	0.92	0.85	0.85	0.92	7.22

HOL	tem										
	CAN	CHE	DEU	DFS	FRA	NLD	AUS	GBR	NZL	ITA	
CAN	6.95										
CHE	0.70	10.90									
DEU	0.85	0.77	12.08								
DFS	0.78	0.82	0.87	13.25							
FRA	0.71	0.90	0.82	0.92	0.99						
NLD	0.85	0.72	0.87	0.87	0.81	4.98					
AUS	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.72	0.72	0.74	3.07				
GBR	0.70	0.79	0.71	0.81	0.86	0.71	0.70	0.14			
NZL	0.70	0.70	0.71	0.70	0.70	0.71	0.74	0.70	0.34		
ITA	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	7.25	

JER	msp				
	CAN	DFS	NLD	AUS	NZL
CAN	8.62				
DFS	0.91	14.29			
NLD	0.94	0.97	4.69		
AUS	0.86	0.87	0.92	3.32	
NZL	0.87	0.86	0.91	0.88	0.33

RDC	msp						
	CAN	DEU	DFS	NOR	AUS	NZL	CAM
CAN	6.63						
DEU	0.90	9.28					
DFS	0.96	0.94	13.51				
NOR	0.91	0.88	0.96	14.59			
AUS	0.88	0.87	0.87	0.86	4.33		
NZL	0.90	0.88	0.89	0.91	0.90	0.40	
CAM	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.88	0.90	7.83

RDC	tem						
	CAN	DEU	DFS	NOR	AUS	NZL	CAM
CAN	6.48						
DEU	0.83	9.89					
DFS	0.76	0.81	11.12				
NOR	0.78	0.72	0.92	17.18			
AUS	0.71	0.71	0.71	0.71	3.45		
NZL	0.71	0.72	0.73	0.72	0.79	0.40	
CAM	0.74	0.74	0.74	0.74	0.72	0.74	7.02

^LAPPENDIX II. Number of common bulls

BSW

common bulls below diagonal  
 common three quarter sib group above diagonal

	CAN	CHE	DEA	ITA	NLD	SVN	FRA
CAN	0	91	97	91	33	15	61
CHE	73	0	490	385	52	40	140
DEA	80	405	0	528	74	60	170
ITA	75	327	434	0	69	54	149
NLD	27	49	65	54	0	22	50
SVN	13	39	56	53	21	0	31
FRA	53	107	126	120	41	30	0

BSW

GUE

GUE

HOL

common bulls below diagonal  
 common three quarter sib group above diagonal

	CAN	CHE	DEU	DFS	FRA	NLD	AUS	GBR	SVN	NZL	ITA
CAN	0	703	1676	1010	1185	1092	886	1290	137	344	1288
CHE	569	0	830	497	499	663	408	569	95	219	546
DEU	860	628	0	1689	1743	2036	908	1433	207	373	1648
DFS	670	412	808	0	1270	1400	800	1142	160	403	1022
FRA	617	407	640	477	0	1539	864	1238	131	438	1210
NLD	921	626	1250	957	732	0	941	1348	172	526	1157
AUS	737	324	491	412	457	702	0	889	100	564	672
GBR	1295	547	846	720	644	1041	634	0	154	424	1156
SVN	107	74	191	128	92	150	71	118	0	50	166
NZL	311	184	246	242	212	470	439	328	37	0	309
ITA	951	473	843	682	543	829	446	884	137	243	0

HOL

common bulls below diagonal  
 common three quarter sib group above diagonal

	CAN	CHE	DEU	DFS	FRA	NLD	AUS	GBR	NZL	ITA
CAN	0	604	1372	864	1053	1043	853	1257	333	1236
CHE	480	0	583	398	434	522	351	508	191	485
DEU	575	396	0	1295	1461	1695	782	1220	320	1405
DFS	514	316	506	0	1139	1193	750	1038	389	920
FRA	608	358	529	427	0	1435	810	1183	404	1194
NLD	875	487	909	691	701	0	934	1338	521	1127
AUS	714	288	374	352	454	694	0	891	563	670
GBR	1269	473	632	580	640	1036	633	0	421	1134
NZL	303	163	204	217	210	463	438	326	0	307
ITA	884	414	655	570	539	791	441	858	243	0

JER

common bulls below diagonal  
 common three quarter sib group above diagonal

	CAN	DFS	NLD	AUS	NZL
CAN	0	58	9	151	64
DFS	43	0	11	73	74
NLD	7	7	0	14	13
AUS	150	46	15	0	178
NZL	66	51	12	167	0

JER

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RDC

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common bulls below diagonal

common three quarter sib group above diagonal

CAN DEU DFS NOR AUS NZL CAM

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CAN	0	7	109	5	34	31	0
DEU	7	0	35	10	20	3	0
DFS	109	26	0	99	101	52	0
NOR	5	10	75	0	45	10	0
AUS	31	20	75	37	0	35	8
NZL	28	3	50	9	32	0	1
CAM	0	0	0	0	8	1	0

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RDC

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common bulls below diagonal

common three quarter sib group above diagonal

CAN DEU DFS NOR AUS NZL CAM

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CAN	0	5	93	5	34	30	0
DEU	5	0	24	8	18	2	0
DFS	92	19	0	92	101	52	0
NOR	5	8	68	0	42	9	0
AUS	31	18	75	34	0	35	8
NZL	28	2	50	8	32	0	1
CAM	0	0	0	0	8	1	0

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